Composition of the Nomination Remuneration and Compensation Committee (NRC Committee)

The NRC Committee of the Company shall be formed by the Board of Directors of the Company out of its Board members. The NRC Committee shall consist of minimum three non-executive directors out of which two shall be independent directors. The chairperson of the company may be appointed as a member of the NRC Committee but shall not chair the NRC Committee. The Chairman of the NRC Committee shall be an independent director. No member of the NRC Committee shall have a relationship that may interfere with his independence from management and the Company or with the exercise of his duties as a NRC committee member.

The NRC Committee may invite such of the executives of the Company, as it considers appropriate (and particularly the Managing Director) to be present at the meetings of the NRC committee, but on occasions it may also meet without the presence of any executives of the company.

The Company Secretary shall act as the secretary to the NRC Committee.

Explanation:

An independent director in relation to a company, means a director other than a managing director or a wholetime director or a nominee director -

- (a) who, in the opinion of the Board, is a person of integrity and possesses relevant expertise and experience;
- (b) (i) who is or was not a promoter of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company;
 - (ii) who is not related to promoters or directors in the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company;
- (c) who has or had no pecuniary relationship with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
- (d) none of whose relatives has or had pecuniary relationship or transaction with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, amounting to two per cent or more of its gross turnover or total income or fifty lacs rupees or such higher amount as may be prescribed, whichever is lower, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
- (e) who, neither himself nor any of his relatives -
- (i) holds or has held the position of a key managerial personnel or is or has been employee of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed;
- (ii) is or has been an employee or proprietor or a partner, in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed, of
 - (A) a firm of auditors or company secretaries in practice or cost auditors of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company; or
 - (B) any legal or a consulting firm that has or had any transaction with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company amounting to ten per cent or more of the gross turnover of such firm;
- (iii) holds together with his relatives two per cent or more of the total voting power of the company; or
- (iv) is a Chief Executive or director, by whatever name called, of any non-profit organisation that receives twenty-five per cent or more of its receipts from the company, any of its promoters, directors or its holding, subsidiary or associate company or that holds two per cent or more of the total voting power of the company; or
- (f) who possesses such other qualifications as may be prescribed.

Meetings of NRC Committee

The NRC Committee shall meet at least two times in a year and not more than six months shall elapse between two meetings. The quorum for any meeting of the NRC Committee shall be either two members or one third of the members of the NRC Committee present whichever is greater, (any fraction rounded off to the next whole number) but there shall be a minimum of two independent members present. All matters will be determined by a majority vote of the members present.

The NRC Committee may adopt procedural rules for its meetings and the conduct of its business, not inconsistent with this policy, the Company's Articles of Association, or applicable laws. The NRC Committee is governed by the same rules regarding meetings (including meetings by telephonic conference or similar communication equipments), action without meetings, notice, waiver of notice, and voting requirements as are applicable to the Board. Adequate provision will be made for notice to members of all meetings.

The NRC Committee agenda is developed by the Chairman of the NRC Committee and the Managing Director with input from appropriate members of management and staff.

The NRC Committee may meet periodically with senior management personnel in separate executive sessions. When present, the Chairman of the NRC Committee shall preside over the NRC Committee meetings. In his absence, NRC Committee members present may appoint a chairman from among themselves. The Chairman of the NRC Committee shall report to the Board on NRC Committee meetings and actions, and the Company Secretary shall keep minutes of all NRC Committee meetings, which are distributed to NRC Committee members for review and approval.

The chairperson of the NRC committees or, in his absence, any other member of the NRC committee authorised by him in this behalf shall attend the general meetings of the company, to answer the shareholder queries.

The NRC Committee shall evaluate its performance annually and discuss the outcome of the evaluation with the full Board.

Powers of the NRC Committee

The NRC Committee shall have powers, which include the following:

- **1.** To examine any activity within its terms of reference.
- 2. To seek information from any employee.
- 3. To obtain outside legal or other professional advice.
- 4. To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.
- 5. Any other matter as may be assigned by the Board of Directors from time to time.

The NRC Committee shall have the resources and authority necessary to discharge its duties and responsibilities. The NRC Committee shall have authority to appoint and terminate outside counsel or other experts or consultants as it deems appropriate, including sole authority to approve the firms' fees and other retention terms. The NRC Committee may for this purpose utilise the office of the Company Secretary to appoint and inter act with such outside counsel or other experts or consultants. The Company will provide the NRC Committee with appropriate funding, as the NRC Committee determines, for the payment of compensation to the Company's outside counsel and other advisors as it deems appropriate and administrative expenses of the NRC Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties. In discharging its responsibilities, the NRC Committee is empowered to examine any matter relating to compensation and remuneration which are brought to its attention. The NRC Committee will have access to the Company's books, records, facilities, and personnel. Any communications between the NRC Committee and legal counsel in the course of obtaining legal advice will be considered privileged communications of the Company and the NRC Committee will take all necessary steps to preserve the privileged nature of those communications.

Role of the NRC Committee

- 1. Identify persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal and shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance.
- 2. Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees after ensuring that-
 - the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the company successfully;
 - o relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks and
 - remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals.
- 3. Devising a policy on Board diversity.

Remuneration of Managing Director:

The NRC Committee is responsible for assisting the Board of Directors in the Board's overall responsibilities relating to determination on their behalf and on behalf of the shareholders with agreed terms of reference, the company's policy on specific remuneration package for Managing Director including pension rights and any compensation payment. The following shall be the principal recurring processes of the NRC Committee in carrying out its responsibilities relating to Managing Director's Compensation. The processes are set forth as a guideline with the understanding that the NRC Committee may supplement them as appropriate.

- 1. Provide independent oversight of and consult with Company management regarding the Company's compensation, bonus, pension and other benefit plans, policies and practices applicable to the Company.
- 2. Develop guidelines for and annually review and approve (a) the annual basic salary, (b) the annual incentive and bonus, including the specific goals and amount, and (c) equity compensation for the Managing Director.
- 3. Review and approve (a) employment agreements, severance arrangements, and change in control agreements / provisions and (b) any other benefits, compensation or arrangements for the Managing Director.
- 4. Prepare an annual report regarding Managing Director's compensation for inclusion in the Company's financial statements as required under any Applicable Rules.
- 5. In consultation with outside consultants, evaluate and recommend the form and amount of compensation to the director and make recommendations to the Board.

Remuneration of Independent Directors:

The Company is being benefited from the expertise, advise and inputs provided by the Independent Directors. The Independent Directors devote their valuable time in deliberating on the strategic and critical issues in the course of the Board and Committee meetings of the Company and give their valuable advice, suggestion and guidance to the management of the Company from time to time. Remuneration will be paid to Non-Executive Independent Directors of the company as adviced by the committee and Board as per Companies Act'2013.

General Responsibilities:

- 1. Report to the Board on matters discussed at each NRC Committee meeting.
- 2. Examine any matter brought to its attention within the scope of its duties.
- 3. Annually evaluate its own performance.
- 4. Review compensation related disclosures to be filed or submitted by the Company pursuant to Applicable Rules. For the purpose of this Policy, "Applicable Rules" means applicable laws, regulations, rules, policy statements or guidelines or notifications, of or issued by any Government/Quasi Government Authorities including the Securities and Exchange Board of India and the Stock Exchanges.
- 5. The NRC Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Policy annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.
- 6. Perform other functions as requested by the Board.

Changes in the Governing Laws:

Any changes in the Governing laws such as the Listing agreements, Companies Act, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and the other Laws and the Rules, Notifications and Guidelines, if any, issued/framed thereunder and applicable to the Company which has an effect of enlarging the scope of the role of the NRC Committee shall automatically be deemed to enlarge the role of the NRC Committee provided herein above.